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Project 2016 (BK1-11/003)

Demand identification proceedings

Presentation of scenarios –

Berlin, 9 November 2012











National developments



Federal government's broadband strategy:

- Target: 50 Mbit/s for 75% of the population by 2014 – nationwide coverage by 2018
- Mobile alongside wire-based rollout as the second pillar with which to reach this target











Situation

- 31 December 2016: Expiry of the GSM licences (frequency assignments at 900 MHz / 1800 MHz)
- Factors for consideration:
 - Timely decision
 - Open, transparent and non-discriminatory proceedings
 - Consensual solution involving the interested public
 - Political aims



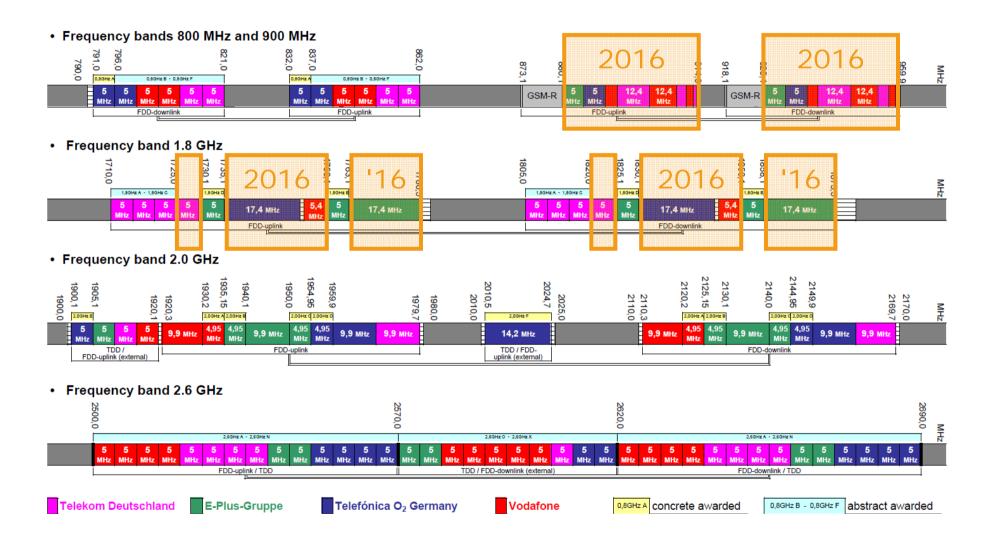








Mobile spectrum



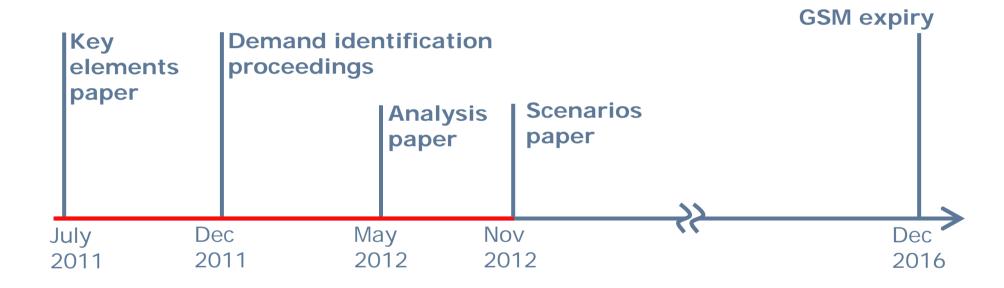






















Outcome of demand identification

| Frequency band | Available spectrum | Total notified requirements | |
|----------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| 900 MHz | 2 x 35 MHz | approx 2 x 55 MHz | |
| 1800 MHz | 2 x 50 MHz | approx 2 x 80 MHz | |

- Demand greater than supply
- And: It is not just the arithmetic that has to be considered but market, technological and international trends, too











Outcome of analysis paper (1)

Market trends:

- Brisk sales of mobile broadband devices (eg smartphones, tablet PCs)
- Spread of new services (eg cloud and machine to machine applications, e-health, e-government)
- Dynamic subscriber growth
- More data traffic per subscriber (eg video-on-demand, high definition applications, social networks)



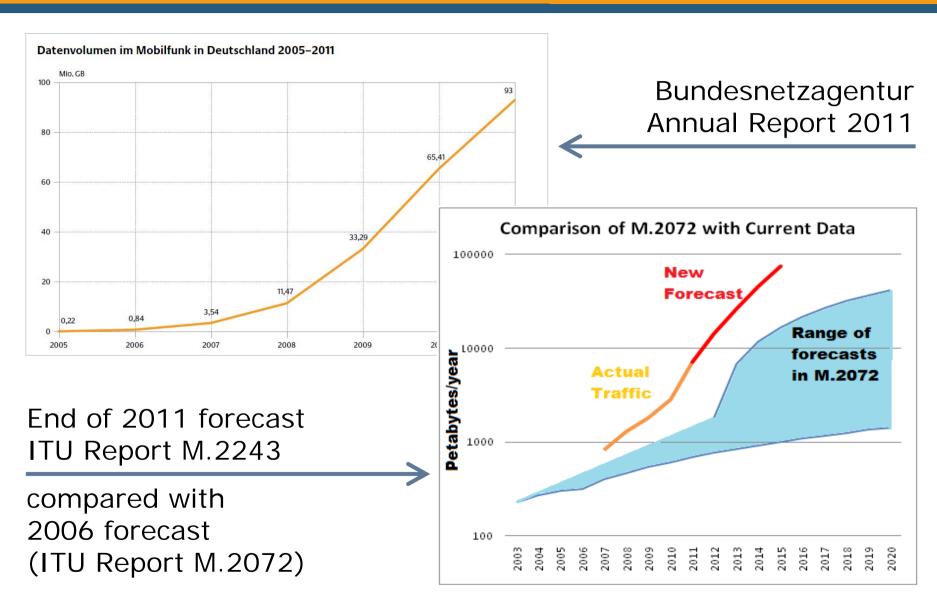








Mobile data traffic













Outcome of analysis paper (2)

<u>Technological trends:</u>

- Progressive development of mobile standards (HSPA, LTE, LTE-Advanced)
- Increasingly dense network as a result of small cells (macrocells, picocells, femtocells)

Consequence:

 Consideration of the bands from 450 MHz to 3.8 GHz not in isolation, but together











Developments at EU level

- Commission's digital agenda: Broadband coverage for all EU citizens by 2020
- Identification of at least 1200 MHz spectrum for wireless access by 2015 in the Radio Spectrum Policy Programme (RSPP)







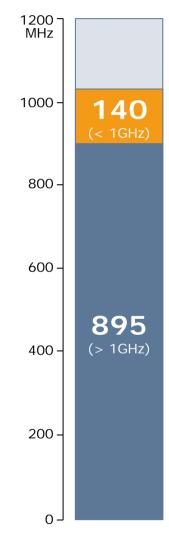




Wireless access in Germany

Overview

| Band | Range | Entry in Frequency plan | Volume (rounded) | |
|----------|------------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| 450 MHz | 450 – 455.74 MHz | 224028 | 2 x 5 MHz | |
| | 460 - 465.74 MHz | 224064 | | |
| 800 MHz | 791 – 821 MHz | 226002 | 2 x 30 MHz | |
| | 832 – 862 MHz | 226003 | | |
| 900 MHz | 880 – 890 MHz | 227011 | 2 x 35 MHz | |
| | 890 – 915 MHz | 228001 | | |
| | 925 – 960 MHz | 228005 | | |
| 1800 MHz | 1710 - 1785 MHz | 267001 | 2 x 75 MHz | |
| | 1805 - 1880 MHz | 267006 | | |
| 2 GHz | 1900 – 1920 MHz | 267008 | | |
| | 1920 – 1930 MHz | 267009 | 2 x 60 MHz 1 x 20 MHz 1 x 15 MHz | |
| | 1930 – 1980 MHz | 268001 | | |
| | 2010 – 2025 MHz | 270001 | | |
| | 2110 – 2120 MHz | 272001 | 1 / 13 11112 | |
| | 2120 – 2170 MHz | 273001 | | |
| 2.6 GHz | 2500 – 2520 MHz | 282001 | | |
| | 2520 – 2655 MHz | 283001 | 2 x 70 MHz | |
| | 2655 – 2670 MHz | 284001 | 1 x 50 MHz | |
| | 2670 - 2690 MHz | 285001 | | |
| 3.5 GHz | 3400 - 3475 MHz | 292006 | 200 MHz | |
| | 3475 - 3600 MHz | 293003 | | |
| 3.7 GHz | 3600 – 3800 MHz | 294003 | 200 MHz | |
| | Total spectrum: | | | |













International developments (1)

World Radiocommunication Conference (WRC) 2012:

- Resolution 233: general identification of new spectrum for IMT/LTE as required
 - eg so-called L-band
 - other frequency bands
- Resolution 232: allocation of the band 694 to 790 MHz for mobile use on a co-primary basis (effective immediately after WRC-15)











International developments (2)

- Allocation of the band 694 790 MHz for mobile on a co-primary basis
 - Effective immediately after WRC-15
 - Lower band edge not yet determined
- Activities for all frequency bands being undertaken by
 - ITU-R Joint Task Group 4-5-6-7
 - CEPT
- ITU preparatory report for WRC-15 by March 2015; European proposals for WRC by April 2015; WRC-15 in October/November 2015











National developments

Conditions for national use of spectrum under discussion internationally for mobile services:

- Timely amendment of the Frequency Band Allocation Ordinance and the Frequency Plan (in agreement with the federal states)
- Timely reconciliation of interests: mobile, broadcasting, wireless microphones, emergency services, Bundeswehr (federal armed forces), PMR



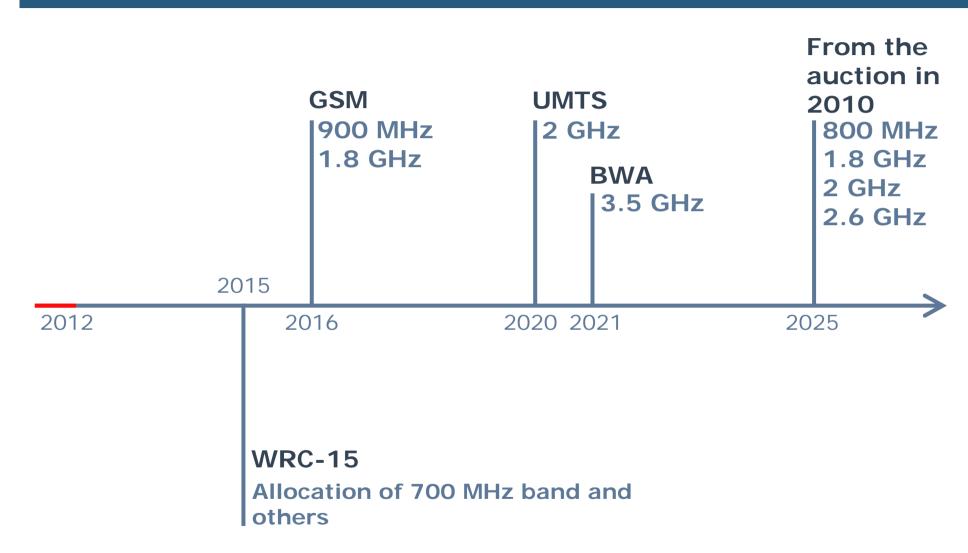








Foreseeable availability













Scenario 1: Extension

Scenario 2: Award proceedings for 900/1800 MHz

Scenario 3: Award proceedings for 900/1800 MHz plus











Scenario 1: Extension

Scenario 2: Award proceedings for 900/1800 MHz

Scenario 3: Award proceedings for 900/1800 MHz plus

Scenario 1





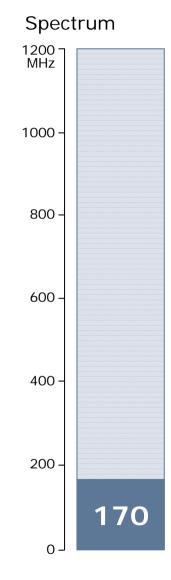






Scenario 1: Extension

- Frequency bands: 900 MHz, 1800 MHz
- Volume of spectrum: 170 MHz
- Use: from 2017
- Quick decision
- Legal uncertainty
- Fragmentation
- Only minor contribution to broadband strategy













Scenario 1: Extension

Scenario 2: Award proceedings for 900/1800 MHz

Scenario 3: Award proceedings for 900/1800 MHz plus







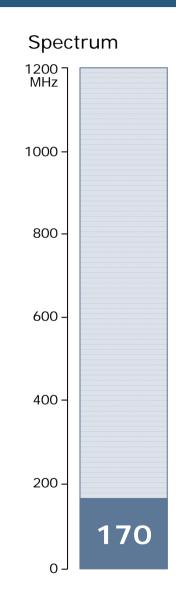




Scenario 2

Scenario 2: Award of 900/1800 MHz

- Frequency bands: 900 MHz, 1800 MHz
- Volume of spectrum: 170 MHz
- Use: from 2017
- Open, transparent, non-discriminatory proceedings
- Earliest possible date for newcomers
- Risk of scarcity caused by regulation (special procedural rules, if appropriate)
- Only minor contribution to broadband strategy













Scenario 1: Extension

Scenario 2: Award proceedings for 900/1800 MHz

Scenario 3: Award proceedings for 900/1800 MHz plus





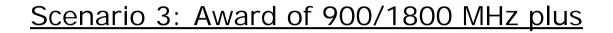


Spectrum





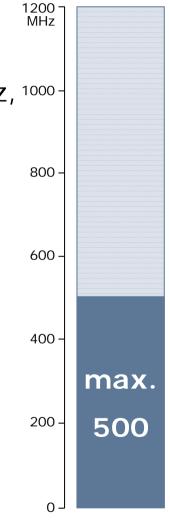
Scenario 3 (1)



Frequency bands: 900 MHz, 1800 MHz, 2 GHz, 1000 - 3.5 GHz and possibly: 700 MHz, so-called L-band

- Volume of spectrum: approx 350-500 MHz
- Use: from 2017

 Award could be delayed, depending on harmonisation of the bands currently under consideration internationally for mobile services









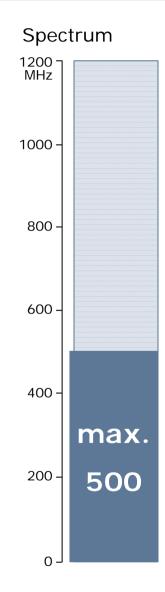




Scenario 3 (2)

Scenario 3: Award of 900/1800 MHz plus

- More spectrum
- Possible date for newcomers
- Planning and investment certainty
- No risk of scarcity caused by regulation
- Available for use at different times
- Problem of competing requirements to be solved













Scenario 1: Extension

Scenario 2: Award proceedings for 900/1800 MHz

Scenario 3: Award proceedings for 900/1800 MHz plus











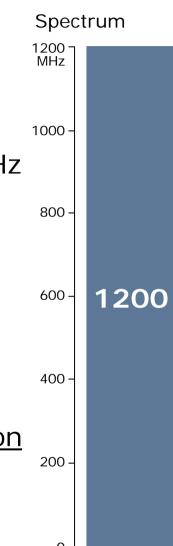
Scenario 4 (1)

Scenario 4: Comprehensive award 2025

Frequency bands: 450 MHz, 800 MHz, 900 MHz, 1800 MHz, 2 GHz, 2.6 GHz, 3.5 GHz and 700 MHz, the so-called L-band

- Volume of spectrum: up to 1200 MHz
- Use: from 2026

 Aligning the expiry dates of the frequency assignments by means of <u>extension</u> or <u>auction</u>







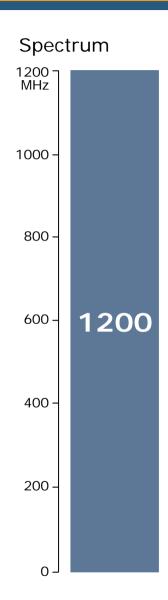






Scenario 4 (2)

- Award not on a "bit by bit" basis
- Freedom of choice for operators and newcomers
- Efficient in terms of proceedings and allocation
- Need to align duration of assignments
- "Closed shop"
- Heavily dependent on the economic cycle













Scenario 1: Extension

Scenario 2: Award proceedings for 900/1800 MHz

Scenario 3: Award proceedings for 900/1800 MHz plus